



Economy Report

Philippines

Report developed by : Michael Jason A. Solis

Position : Supervising Science Research Specialist

Organisation : Industrial Technology Development Institute

National Metrology Laboratory of the Philippines

Contact details : mjasolis@nml.gov.ph

mjasoliss@gmail.com

SECTION 1 - Organisation and structure for metrology

Legislative Frameworks

Туре	Title	Description
national law	Republic Act 9236 – The National Metrology	An act establishing a national
	Act of 2003 (Primary Legislation)	measurement infrastructure
		system for standards and
		measurements, and for other
		purposes
national law	Republic Act 7394 – The Consumer Act of the	An act to protect the interest
	Philippines	of the consumer, promote his
		general welfare and to
		establish standards of conduct
	(2.27)	for business and industry
by-law	Department of Energy (DOE) Department	Providing for the rules and
	Circular No. DC 2003-11-010	regulations governing the
		business of retailing liquid
		petroleum products
by-law	Land Transportation Franchising and	Implementing guidelines for
	Regulatory Board (LTFRB) Memorandum	calibration and sealing/
	Circular No. 2011-02	resealing of taxi meters for
		2011 Fare Adjustment
by-law	Manila Waterworks and Sewerage Systems	Policy on Water Meters
	(MWSS) RO-OPP 052-01	
by-law	Energy Regulatory Commission (ERC)	Rules and procedures for the
	Resolution No. 12 Series of 2009	test and maintenance of
		electric meters of distribution
		utilities

LEGAL REQUIREMENTS FOR TRACEABILITY

All weights, measures and measuring equipment shall be internationally traceable through the National Metrology Laboratory or other laboratories recognized by the National Metrology Board.

Legal Units of Measurement

The system of unit based on the International System of Units (SI) shall be mandatory throughout the country in regulated areas of application. The use of other units on meritorious cases may be allowed by the Board: Provided, that measuring equipment used for measuring quantities in regulated areas of application shall give results expressed in either SI or Board-Authorized Units: Provided finally, that all measurement standards and measuring equipment use in the regulated areas of application shall be subject to metrological control.

Organisation Structures

National Organization for Legal Metrology

National Metrology Board

NMB Chairman: Dr. Fortunato de la Peña

Industrial Technology Development Institute (Secretariat)

Director: Dr. Maria Patricia V. Azanza

Metrology Building, DOST Compound General Santos Avenue Bicutan, Taguig City, Metro Manila Republic of the Philippines 1631

Telephone No.: +63 2 837 2071 local 2266 Facsimile No.: +63 2 837 2071 local 2266 Email: nmbsecretariat@nml.gov.ph

- Republic Act 9236 established a National Measurement Infrastructure System (NMIS) and created the National Metrology Board (NMB).
- The NMB is a policy making and implementing body and in the exercise of its functions, duties and responsibilities, has the power to delegate the authority to concerned entities as deputized entities to implement the provisions of the Act.
- The NMB has the following duties and responsibilities:
 - To ensure the execution, upkeeping and conservation of national primary and secondary standards in conformity with the Board-Authorized Units;
 - To promote and to coordinate the use in the country of a uniform system of units and measurement standards of physical quantities;
 - To issue and enforce the necessary guidelines on such areas of metrology but not limited to utilization of measuring equipment and devices, type approval on measuring equipment, verification, calibration, use of control marks and other metrological controls on measurement standards and measuring equipment;
 - To ensure that the accuracy and application of quantities and similar metrological requirement are met in all commercial, economic, scientific, technical and similar endeavours;
 - To fix rates and collect fees for the metrological work similar calibration services rendered for both public and private entities;
 - To carry out the testing for type approval of measuring equipment;
 - To supervise and to assure the execution and calibration of standards and verification equipment;
 - To ensure that persons or business entities regularly engaged in importing, manufacturing, repairing, selling or hiring certain measuring equipment comply with the guidelines of the Board; and
 - To perform such other functions, duties and responsibilities as may be necessary to implement the Act.

- The NMB covers both the "Board" and "Executing Authority." (see Figure 1)
 - The term "Board" is used to mean the team consisting of the members of the National Metrology Board performing policy making, planning, monitoring and other actions and authority exercised collectively. It is composed of the Secretaries or duly recognized representative (at least Undersecretary) of the Department of Science and Technology (DOST), Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), Department of Transportation (DOTr), Department of Health (DOH), Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG), Department of Justice (DOJ), Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) and Department of Agriculture (DA), and representatives from the academe, business sector and professional metrology association.
 - The term "Executing Authority" on the other hand is used with respect to NMB in its performance of its technical functions and physical activities as undertaken by it through ITDI and deputized entities physically implementing the Republic Act 9236 – The Metrology Act of 2003.
- The NMB is chaired by the Secretary of the DOST.
- The Industrial Technology Development Institute (ITDI) is a multi-disciplinary agency under the DOST and serves as the Secretariat of the NMB.
- The Philippines through the ITDI is a Full Member of the Asia-Pacific Metrology Programme (APMP) and Asia-Pacific Legal Metrology Forum (APLMF).

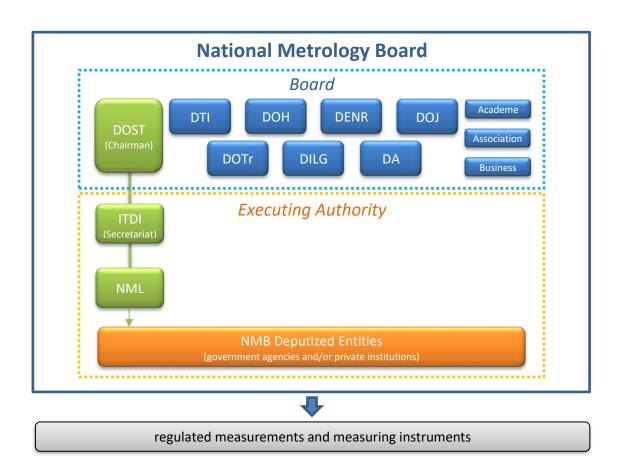


Figure 1. The National Metrology Board

Custodian of National Standards

National Metrology Laboratory of the Philippines – national metrology institute

Chief: Ms. Aurora V. Kimura

Metrology Building, DOST Compound General Santos Avenue Bicutan, Taguig City, Metro Manila Republic of the Philippines 1631

Telephone No.: +63 2 837 2071 local 2199 Facsimile No.: +63 2 837 2071 local 2272

Email: info@nml.gov.ph

nmlphil@itdi.dost.gov.ph

Website: www.nml.gov.ph

- The National Metrology Laboratory of the Philippines (NML) is a division under the ITDI and serves as the national metrology institute of the Philippines. It is mandated to lead the public and private laboratories in carrying out the technical, calibration and laboratory functions to effectively implement the provisions of Republic Act 9236.
- The Philippines through the NML is an Associate of the General Conference on Weights and Measures (CGPM).

Regional and Local Verification Organizations

For the purpose of enforcing its mandate under this Act, ITDI as the Secretariat of the NMB shall recommend to the NMB, the delegation of specific authority and functions of the NMB to other departments and agencies of the government and private institutions as deputized entities to assist in the implementation of Republic Act 9236. ITDI shall call on the personnel of these deputized entities to assist in the implementation of the Act.

The NMB has not yet formally deputized the following entities but they are conducting controls as mandated by Philippine laws and by-laws:

- Industrial Technology Development Institute
- Fair Trade Enforcement Bureau (FTEB)
- Oil Industry Management Bureau (OIMB)
- Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
- National Food Authority (NFA)
- Local Government Units (LGUs)
- Energy Regulatory Commission (ERC)
- Land Transportation Franchising and Regulatory Board (LTFRB)
- Metropolitan Waterworks and Sewerage System (MWSS)
- Maynilad Water Services, Inc.
- Manila Water Company, Inc.

Instrument Calibration and Evaluation Systems

The Philippine Accreditation Bureau of the DTI accredits testing and calibration laboratories in the Philippines under the terms of ISO/IEC 17025.

Range of Equipment Subject to Legal Metrology

All tests and/or measuring instruments (TMI) used for transactions under the regulated areas of application, whether locally manufactured/assembled or imported, shall be verified by the Executing Authority or PAB-accredited calibration laboratories. The Executing Authority or the PAB-accredited calibration laboratory shall issue the corresponding Certificate of Verification and a verification sticker bearing the date of verification, name of owner/user, description of the equipment and its intended use.

Currently, the regulated areas of application are the following as mandated by Philippine laws and by-laws:

- Prepackaged products
- Nonautomatic Weighing Instruments
- Fuel Dispensers
- Road tankers
- Electric Meters
- Taxi Meters
- Water Meters

Type Approval

Republic Act 9236 requires that any measuring equipment used in regulated areas of application shall be type-approved prior to use. However, the type approval system in the Philippines has not yet being implemented.

Verification, (Conformity Assessment), Inspection and Reverification

Concerned government departments have policies and procedures on the control of regulated measurements and measuring instruments. Unfortunately, some are not according to OIML recommendations.

International arrangements and engagement

• The Philippines participated in the Seminar on the OIML Certification System (OIML-CS) held from 13 to 15 June 2017 in Shanghai China.



• The Philippines participated in the 27th ACCSQ Working Group on Legal Metrology held from 12 to 14 July 2017 in Yangon, Myanmar.



SECTION 2 – Key activities of December 2016 to September 2017

The key activity of the Philippines related to legal metrology is the modernization of the national measurement system through the revision of the existing Republic Act 9236, otherwise known as the National Metrology Act of 2003.

The House of Representatives'
Committee on Science and Technology
officially created the Technical
Working Group for the Modernization
of the National Measurement System
through the revision of Republic Act
9236 on 9 February 2017.



The House of Representatives' Committee on Science and Technology and authors of the Bill were formally briefed by the ITDI on planned revision of Republic Act 9236 on 7 March 2017.

The initial draft of the substitute bill for House Bill Nos. 3578. 3717, 4059, 4320 and 4368 was prepared by the National Metrology Division of ITDI, with inputs from the Department Legislative Liaison Specialist Ms. Lita S. Suerte-Felipe and S&T Committee Secretary Donald Caballero.

The National Metrology
Division together with the
Department Legislative
Liaison Office improved
and finalized the
substitute bill based on
the comments and issues
raised during the Public
Hearing on 6 September
2017.

The first public hearing on the proposed Modernization of the National Measurement System was conducted on 4 May 2017 in Dauis, Bohol organized by ITDI with DOST Regional Office 7 and Committee on Science and Technology.

SECTION 3 – Future focus

New initiatives planned (next 1-2 years)

Key initiatives planned for the next two years will be focused on the revision of Republic Act 9236 (see roadmap below). This will not only modernize the national measurement system of the country but also establish the position and capabilities of the National Metrology Division of the Industrial Technology Development Institute as the national metrology institute of the Philippines.

Modernization of the National Measurement System through Legislation ROADMAP (3rd Quarter 2017 to and 3rd Quarter 2018)

